two approaches to the definition of museums

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We have taken two different approaches



together with our board we have done a little text analysis

SECOUND

I personally have made considerations from the perspective of brand strategy That's where we all come from: the cornerstones of museology

collect preserve research exhibit interpret promote



together we have done a little text analysis

We structured the Kyoto-Text into 10 aspects and asked our board members for comments:

1. <u>Political and Moral Self-Understanding:</u>

museums are democratising, inclusive and polyphonic spaces for critical dialogue

comments

"I partially agree. Since in some countries, it isn't possible to have critical dialogues."

"The text gives me the impression of political correctness and trendy posturing approach."

"Every culture has its own values (good or bad)... Not all people can handle feedback in the same way we think - and is sometimes received as hard."

"Suggestion: ARE could be exchanged with."D BE.."

<u>2. Time:</u>

about the past and the future.

comments

"Museums are reflections of the past, present bridging us to the future."

"Why not the present too?"

too?.../

3. Object of Investigation:

Acknowledging and addressing the conflicts and challenges of the present.

comments

"The problem is, who has the say towards the conflicts and challenges, the curator or the audiences - and does it apply to all types of museums, exhibitions, events and programms?" 4. Collections, information, content:

they hold artefacts and specimens in trust for society, safeguard diverse memories for future generations.



"Yes."..."

5. Accessibility:

guarantee equal rights and equal access to heritage for all people.

comments

"This is important for museums exist for the diverse public and their ever-changing society."

"Are museum able to "guarantee" equal rights?"...

6. Commercial Aspect: Museums are not for profit.

comments

"Museums are not for profit, but need sources of income to be financially sustainable.BE..."

7. Responsivity:

participatory and transparent, work in active partnership with and for diverse communities.

comments

"I like more to speak of *invite to participate."*

"This is the only way that museum can take the role as connectors in society... to be transparent is the most important thing."

BE..."

8. Fields of Activity:

to collect, preserve, research, interpret, exhibit

comments

"In the French context, it is strongly believed that by removing the word "education" (médiation in French), the museum field would lose one of its key pillars and all the contribution of generations of museum works to defend their roles as (science) educators in front of the curatorial team. Many museums still work in silos and it is important to support the work of museum educators by keeping "education" in the museum definition."

9. Goals:

...and enhance understanding of the world.

comments

"This is important for museums that exist for a diverse audience and their constantly changing societies."..."

<u>10. Overarching Objectives:</u>

aiming to contribute to human dignity and social justice, global equality and planetary wellbeing.

comments

SECOUND

I have made personal considerations from the perspective of brand strategy

#museumdefinition



... the volcano paradigm

ICOM = MUSEUM ?

my personal thoughts ...



What?

How?

Where?



The WHY touches <u>the</u> <u>intrinsic-emotional</u> <u>motivation</u> of the institutional behaviour. The HOW affects the <u>mission</u> of the institution, how the objectives can be achieved.





The WHAT discripes the <u>definition</u> of the institution, the purpose.

The WHERE focuses on the future, the <u>vision</u> - based on the mission.

Where?

Let's look at what we're discussing

now...

Is this a definition?

"Museums are democratising, inclusive and polyphonic spaces for critical dialogue about the pasts and the futures.

Acknowledging and addressing the conflicts and challenges of the present, they hold artefacts and specimens in trust for society, safeguard diverse memories for future

generations and guarantee equal rights and equal access to heritage for all people.

Museums are not for profit. They are participatory and transparent, and work in active partnership with and for diverse communities to collect, preserve, research, interpret, exhibit, and enhance understandings of the world aiming to contribute to human dignity and social justice, "Museums are democratising, inclusive and polyphonic spaces for critical dialogue about the pasts and the futures.

Acknowledging and addressing the conflicts and challenges of the present, they hold artefacts and specimens in trust for society, safeguard diverse memories for future

generations and guarantee equal rights and equal access to heritage for all people.

Museums are not for profit. They are participatory and transparent, and work in active partnership with and for diverse communities to collect, preserve, research, interpret, exhibit, and enhance understandings of the world aiming to contribute to human dignity and social justice,

I think we have to make a <u>clear difference</u> between:

-> vision

-> mission

-> definition



the volcano paradigm

Today:

ICOM = MUSEUM

Tomorrow:

$ICOM = MUSEUM^2$

What can be done?

Once the german artist Joseph Beuys expanded the <u>definition</u> of art...

He defined art should be a <u>"social sculpture</u>". Couldn't that be a wonderful vision for museums too?

vision ≠ definition

make museums
more topical...
not political

...we have to work on <u>every field</u> of activity.

collect preserve research exhibit interpret promote

collect² preserve² research² exhibit² interpret² promote²

and for sure:

communication

will be key



the volcano paradigm

Thanks for watching



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